

iD Marking

So you've bought the 3M Dynatel EMS iD Marking System! As a utility owner, or service provider, you have purchased the iD markers and probably a piece of equipment that will find the marker once you have buried it. The marker locator is part of the 3M Dynatel M-iD Series; the 1420 model, the 2250MiD, or the 2273M-iD.

The purpose of this chapter is to help you better understand the marker system and how to use it to your advantage.

What is a Marker?

A marker is a non-powered device (also called a passive marker) that you can bury with your utility to denote a specific event. If you are in the water or gas industry, you may want to 'mark' a buried valve, or a tee. If you are in the communication industry, you may want to 'mark' a splice or buried hand hole. Perhaps you want to indicate the path of your utility. **Markers are used to indicate a specific location of something that may be difficult to find, once it has been buried.**

What is an iD Marker?

An iD marker is exactly the same as a passive marker, except that it contains a programmable chip inside it. This chip allows you to enter information about the specific event that you are going to 'mark'. For example: You are in the water or gas industry and you are going to bury a marker with a valve so that it will be easily detectable once it has been buried. An iD marker can be programmed to identify that valve as belonging to your company, what type of valve it is, what size it is, when it was placed, etc. All of this information can be extracted from the marker AFTER it is buried. **Without any digging, you will know what has been 'marked'.**

How deep can I bury a Marker?

The maximum detectable depth is determined by the category of the marker. There are four categories of markers.

Near-Surface – max depth – 24 inches / 2 feet

Ball Marker – max depth – 60 inches / 5 feet

Mini Marker – max depth – 72 inches / 6 feet

Full Range – max depth – 96 inches / 8 feet

All four categories are available for each utility.

How can I find a marker?

Any of the M-Series models that have iD denoted in the model number have the capability of detecting any EMS marker. If you purchased a 2250M-iD, it is a cable locator with marker locating capabilities. If you purchased a 2273M-iD, it is a cable, fault, and marker locator. The 1420 is part of the M-Series as well. It is solely for marker locating. All of these units will detect all categories of markers, and all utilities.

How does it work?

The receiver, or locator emits a signal at the frequency that is specific to the utility that you are looking for. When that signal encounters a marker, it energizes the coil of the marker and then you are able to pinpoint the marker.

How does the iD part of the Marker work?

When a marker has been pinpointed, and the receiver energizes the coil in the marker, there is enough power generated from the marker coil to power up the chip. Then the receiver reads the information that has been programmed on the marker and stores it in the receiver's memory. (See Reading iD Markers for more information)

What kind of information can I put on the marker?

The information is entered into the marker in a table format; six lines with two columns. This table is called a TEMPLATE.

A LABEL is enter in the left column, and then the right column is populated with a corresponding DESCRIPTION. For example, the first label of the template could be COMPANY. The description of this label would be your company name. You continue to fill in the template adding labels and descriptions of the event that you want to mark.

Label	Description
COMPANY	3M
UTILITY	POWER
DESCRIPTION	SPLICE
DEPTH	48"
GRID	144-2
DATE	05-12-2005

Do I have to program the iD Marker for it be useful?

No. Embedded in each iD Marker (on the chip) is a unique serial number. This serial number is also printed on a removable tag attached to the iD Marker. This tag can simply be added to the hard copies of your map to provide traceable and definite information to your 'as builts'. The iD markers can be used in their 'empty state', if you just want to use the unique serial number of each marker as identification.

How does information get into the iD Marker?

The receiver, or marker locator, is the transmitting device used to send the information to a marker. The action of programming a marker is referred to as 'writing' a marker. The receiver energizes the coil of the marker, which powers up the chip, and then the receiver "sends" the information to the marker chip.

How do I get the information into the receiver, so that I can write it into the marker?

The marker information can be created on the desktop software called Dynatel PC Tool Kit and then downloaded to the receiver, or you can manually create the marker information using the alpha-numeric screen on the receiver.

Getting Started...

The first step to marking your underground plant is to decide what you want to mark. Answer the question, what part or entity of my buried outside plant is of highest value, or what part of my outside plant is the most difficult to find? Think about the money that you could save on excavation costs, if you could pinpoint the exact location of the device you need to expose **WITH OUT DIGGING A HOLE**.

Now your mind is racing... splices, hand-holes, stub-outs, empty conduit runs, depth changes, valves, tees, gauge change, high profile lines ... and the list goes on and on.

It will be easier to start this process if you try to standardize the information that you want each marker to contain. Ask yourself : What type of information would I like to have on ALL markers? (More than likely you will want to put your company name on the marker to show ownership.)

Make a list of labels (words that will populate the left side of the template) that would be beneficial to your industry or company. Remember, you are going to add descriptions to each of these labels. You aren't trying to think of the descriptions, just yet. Maybe your list of labels could look something like this:

Company
Date
Installer
Application/Description
Utility
Route #
Map#
Size
Address

If you can limit your list to 6 labels, you have standardized on the format. If you need more than 6 Labels in your list, don't worry. Not all of the templates have to be the same.

How do I create a template or table of marker information?

The easiest way to create information for an iD marker is to use the desktop software, Dynatel PC Toolkit. It has been designed to help you produce marker templates quickly and easily. It can also transfer these computer generated templates into the receiver, thus saving you time in the field while your tech to manually creates the information with the receiver.

Where can I get the software Dynatel PC Tool Kit?

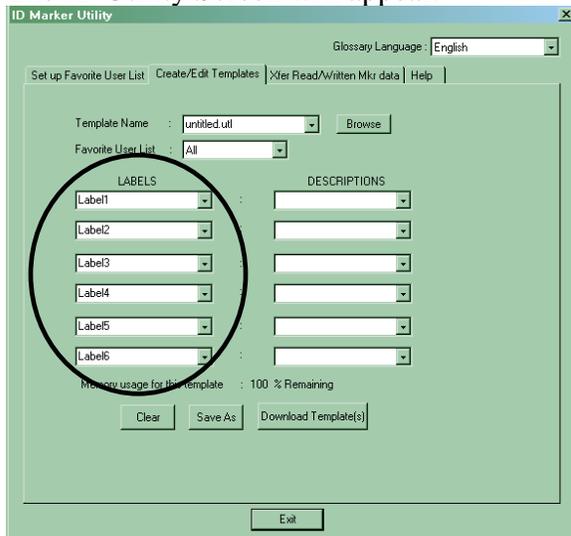
Every locator is shipped with a CD that contains the desktop software. If you have misplaced the CD, the software can be downloaded at www.3m.com/dynatel. Find the link : [Download M-Series Locator PC Tools 9.4.1 Upgrade](#). This website keeps the most current version of the software at all times. If you have an older version loaded on your computer, you can upgrade it simply by clicking this same link and your software will be upgraded, free of charge.

Creating Marker Information with the Dynatel PC Tool Kit

From the main screen of the Dynatel PC Tool Kit, select ID MARKER UTILITY.

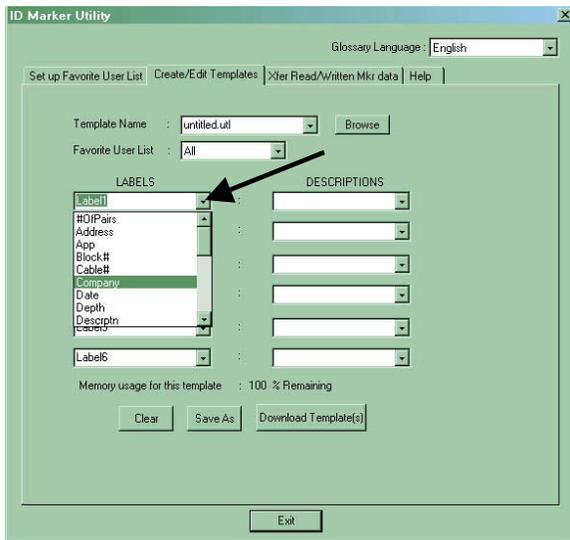


The iD Utility Screen will appear.



You will see six boxes in the left portion of the screen for the labels of the template. This is the area that you will be using the ‘standardized labels’ that you thought of earlier. The boxes on the right side of the screen are where you will fill in the descriptions for each of these labels.

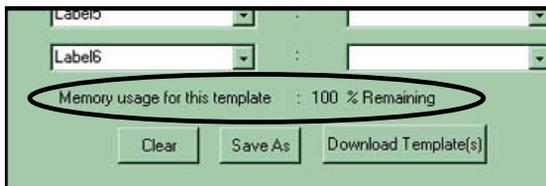
If you click on the twistie beside the box Label 1, you will see a drop down list of common labels. If you see the label that you want to use in this list, select it. All the common labels in this list have been compressed, so that they require much less memory space on the marker than typing in another, less common label. In other words, it is beneficial to use as many compressed labels in your template as possible... because they take up less space. If the label you want to use is not in the list, type it in the box.



Populate as many of the label fields as you need. It is not necessary to fill all six, if you have no need for all of them.

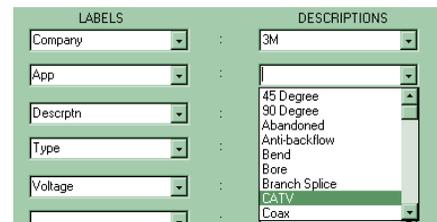
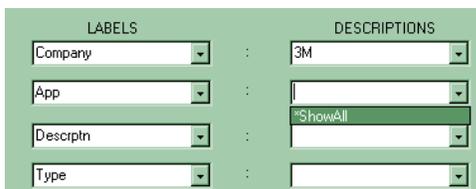
How much information can I program into the iD Marker?

The iD Marker can hold 256 bits of information. A memory counter is just below the template form. It will track the remaining memory space of a marker as you populate your template.



Fill in the descriptions for each label in the template.

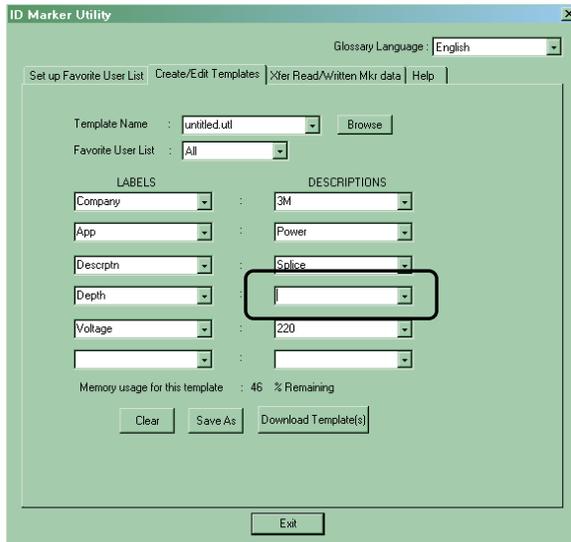
After you have listed the labels on the left side of the screen, it's time to add the descriptions. The right portion of the table or template will be populated with the descriptions of each label. Just like the labels on the left, the twistie will provide the option of selecting common descriptions that are in compressed format. Click "show all" to see the list of common descriptions.



Select a description from the list, or type the description for each label you have chosen in the left-hand column. Continue populating the description fields until the template is complete.

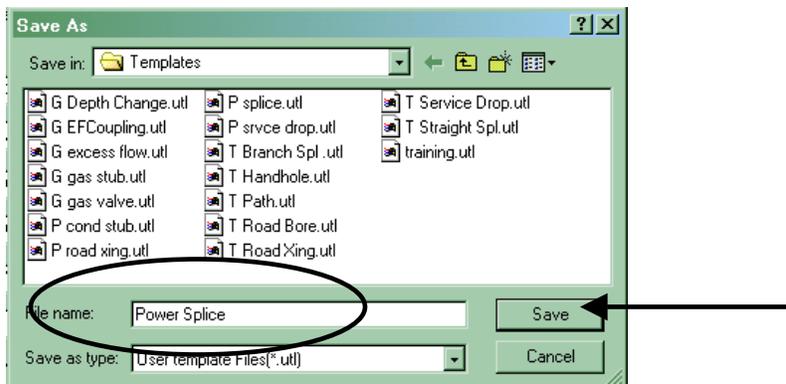
What if some of the information will have to be entered on-site?

At times, you will want to enter site-specific information. You will not have this data until you have reached the job site. Such as the depth of the event that you are going to mark... Leave this area of the template blank. You can manually enter this information in the field with the receiver. It is important to remember to fill in as much of the template as possible on the computer, because it is much faster than the manual entry in the field.



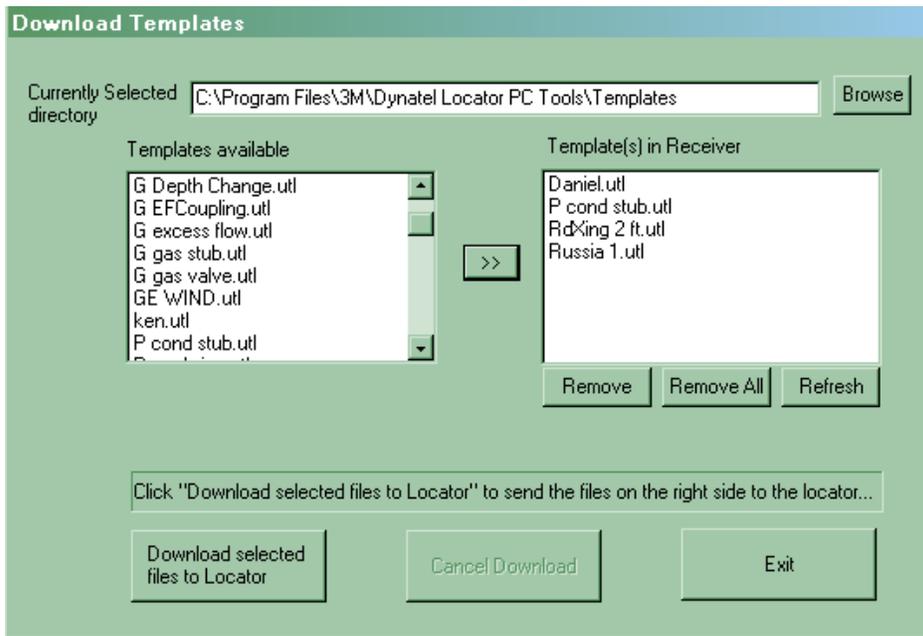
Can I create several templates on my computer?

Name the template by pressing the “Save As” button. Type the name of the template and click the Save button. Continue creating templates and saving them on your computer.

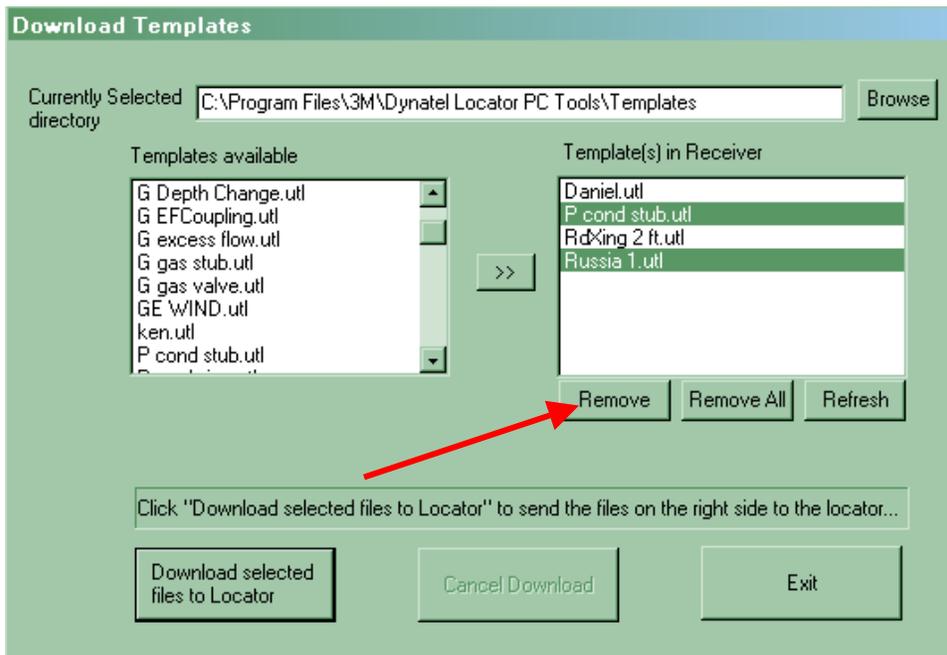


How do I get the information from my computer into the receiver?

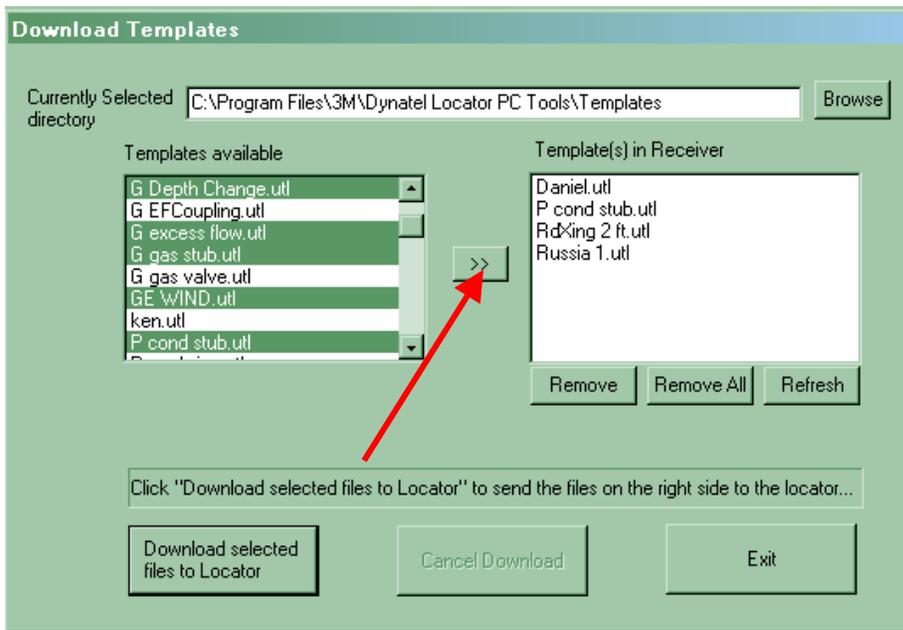
When you have created all the templates you will need, connect the receiver to your PC with the serial cable. Power up the receiver. From the ‘Create/Edit template’ screen, click “Download Template(s)”. A communication window will pop up indicating the com port that you are using to connect and the baud rate (4800). Choose the com port that you are using, and click OK. The software will scan the receiver and your computer for templates.



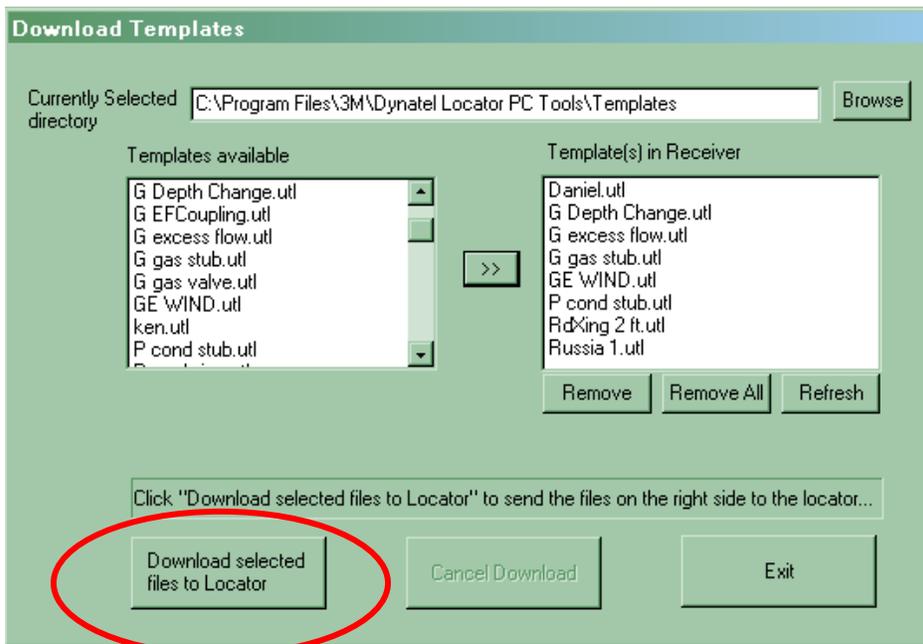
The left side of the screen contains a list of templates that you have created and saved on your PC. The right side of the screen contains a list of templates currently in your receiver.



You may remove any templates currently in your receiver by highlighting it in the window on the right side of the screen and selecting the 'Remove' button.



Choose the templates from the left side of the screen that you would like to copy to the receiver. Highlight the template then click the double arrow in the middle of the screen to load them into the right side of the screen.



The window on the right side of the screen now contains every template that you are going to load into the receiver. The receiver will accept up to 32 templates.

Click “Download selected files to Locator” to send everything in the right-hand window to the locator.

The status bar in the lower portion of the window will confirm the transfer of the templates, when it is complete.